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28JUL03 E825880-5 C80537
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1. Your reference

500 Swivel

2. Patent application number

(The Patent Office will fill in this part)

0317618.7

28 JUL 2003

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

Stannah Stairlifts Limited
 Watt Close
 East Portway
 ANDOVER
 Hampshire SP10 3SD

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

5650239001

England

4. Title of the invention

IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO
 STAIRLIFTS

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

Ipca Consulting Limited
 Northpoint House
 52 High Street
 Knaphill
 Surrey GU21 2PY

7423692002

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

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Country

Priority application number
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Date of filing
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8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer 'Yes' if:

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- b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or
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See note (d))

Patents Form 1/77

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Description	9
Claim(s)	3
Abstract	1
Drawing(s)	4 <i>+4 Ph</i>

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Priority documents

Translations of priority documents

Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77).

Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)

Request for substantive examination (Patents Form 10/77)

Any other documents (please specify)

11. I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature

Date

Andrew Harris 25.09.2003.

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

Andrew Harris 01483 489818

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IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO STAIRLIFTS

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to stairlifts and, in particular, to a seat swivel mechanism for incorporation between the chair and carriage of a stairlift assembly.

Background to the Invention

It is known to provide a swivel mechanism on a stairlift to enable the chair to be swivelled about a substantially vertical axis. This enables the chair to be rotated at an end of the staircase in which the stairlift assembly is mounted, thus making it easier for a user to mount or dismount from the chair and, in particular, to avoid any obstruction caused by the presence of the footrest which forms part of the chair.

On many installations, provision is made to swivel the chair only at the top of the staircase. However, there is a demand for the chair to be capable of swivelling in both directions, thereby facilitating mounting and dismounting from the chair at both ends of the staircase. This demand presents a number of issues.

In order to accommodate swivelling in both directions on existing installations, the chair is pivoted at or close to its geometric centre. As the chair is swivelled, a significant part of the chair moves in a rearward arc and may collide with the wall of the staircase in which the assembly is mounted. To reduce the likelihood of interference with the wall, a number of solutions are currently adopted. Firstly, the pivot point of the chair may be repositioned on the carriage so that, when the stairlift is positioned in a staircase, the chair pivot is positioned further away from the wall. Secondly, the entire stairlift assembly may be positioned further away from the wall.

Whilst both of these solutions reduce the likelihood of interference with the wall, both result in the stairlift obstructing the staircase, to a greater extent, for able bodied users of the staircase.

A third approach is to reduce the width of the chair, or provide cut-outs in the chair, to reduce the size of the arc through which the extremities of the chair swing. This solution compromises the comfort of the user.

A further issue with current two-way chair swivel arrangements is that there is some risk that the seat could be swivelled into a downwardly facing direction at the top of the staircase, thus subjecting a user to considerable danger.

It is an object of this invention to go at least some way in addressing the limitations of existing stairlift seat swivel mechanisms as described above; or which will at least provide a novel and useful choice.

Summary of the Invention

Accordingly, in a first aspect, the invention provides a swivel mechanism for incorporation between the carriage of a stairlift assembly, and a chair having a pair of spaced sides and a central axis midway between said spaced sides,

said swivel mechanism being characterised in that it includes at least one pivot centre about which said chair may swivel with respect to said carriage, said pivot centre intersecting with said chair at a point between said central axis and one of said sides.

Preferably said swivel mechanism includes two pivot centres located so as to intersect with said chair on opposite sides of said central axis, said swivel mechanism being constructed and arranged so that only one pivot centre is engaged at one time to define the swivel axis between said chair and said carriage.

Preferably said swivel mechanism is further characterised in that the means for defining one of said pivot centres serves to limit the degree of rotation about the other of said pivot centres, when said other of said pivot centres is engaged to define said swivel axis.

Preferably said swivel mechanism includes an arcuate guide positioned to overlie each of said pivot centres.

Preferably said swivel mechanism further includes a control member mounted for rotation about each pivot centre, and being engageable with said guide, said guide being slidable with respect to its control member.

Preferably the swivel movement is generated by applying a rotating action to the control member mounted on a first of said pivot centres, against the edge of the guide in contact therewith, whilst allowing sliding movement of the other of said guides over the control member mounted on the other of said pivot centres.

Preferably said swivel mechanism further includes a motor for each said control member, each said motor being operable to rotate only the control member associated therewith.

Preferably interlock means is provided to cut power to one of said motors whilst the other of said motors is in operation.

In a second aspect the invention provides a stairlift assembly including the swivel mechanism as herein before set forth.

In a third aspect the invention provides a swivel mechanism including:

a substantially planar first part;

a substantially planar second part arranged substantially parallel to said first part, said first and second parts being capable of rotation with respect to one another about two spaced swivel axes arranged perpendicular to their planes,

said swivel mechanism being characterised in that the means which defines one of said swivel axes, when not so engaged as to act as the swivel axis, serves to control the relative motion of said first and second parts about the other of said swivel axes.

Preferably the rotation about each of said swivel axes is defined by the combination of arcuate guides provided in one of said first or second parts, and control members mounted on the other of said first or second parts, said control members engaging with, and being displaceable with respect to, said arcuate guides.

Preferably a control member is mounted on, and is pivotable about, each of said swivel axes.

In a fourth aspect the invention provides a swivel mechanism providing swivel actions about two spaced, parallel axes, said mechanism being characterised in that the swivel action about each axis is effected and controlled by the interaction of control members displaceable in respect to arcuate guides.

Preferably said control members are also rotatable.

Preferably said arcuate guides comprise slots in which said control members are received.

In a fifth aspect the invention provides a stairlift assembly including a carriage and a chair, wherein a swivel mechanism as defined above is disposed between said carriage and said chair.

In a sixth aspect the invention provides a swivel mechanism for a stairlift assembly having a carriage and a chair mounted on said carriage, such that said chair can be swivelled from central position in which a user seated in said chair faces in a direction substantially perpendicular to the direction of travel of said carriage, to first and second positions in clockwise and counter-clockwise directions, respectively, from said central position,

· said swivel mechanism being characterised in that first drive means are provided to effect a swivel action between said central position and said first position; and second drive means are provided to effect a swivel action between said central position and said second position.

Preferably said swivel mechanism includes two spaced swivel axes such that said chair swivels between said central position and said first position about one of said axes, and between said central position and said second position about the other of said axes.

In a seventh aspect the invention provides a carriage/chair combination for a stairlift including the swivel mechanism set forth above.

Many variations in the way the present invention can be performed will present themselves to those skilled in the art. The description which follows is intended as an illustration only of one means of performing the invention and the lack of description of variants or equivalents should not be regarded as limiting. Wherever possible, a description of a specific element should be deemed to include any and all equivalents thereof whether in existence now or in the future. The scope of the invention should be limited by the appended claims alone.

Brief Description of the Drawings

One working embodiment of the invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1: shows a front elevation of a stairlift assembly including a swivel mechanism according to the invention;

Figure 2: shows a side elevation of that which is shown in Figure 1;

Figure 3: shows an enlarged side view of the swivel mechanism shown in Figure 2;

Figure 4: shows an end sectional view of that which is shown in Figure 3;

Figure 5: shows a view along the line V - V in Figure 4 with some detail overlaid for clarity;

Figure 6: shows a view along the line VI - VI in Figure 4; and

Figure 7: shows a view similar to that shown in Figure 6 but with the swivel mechanism actuated to swivel a stairlift chair in a counter-clockwise direction.

Detailed Description of Working Embodiment

Referring firstly to Figures 1 and 2, according to the invention a swivel mechanism 10 (Figure 2) is provided for incorporation between the chair 12 and carriage 14 of a stairlift assembly. In the conventional manner, the carriage 14 is mounted on, for movement along, a rail 16. A suitable motor and gearbox (not shown), mounted within the carriage 14, effects such movement.

Referring specifically to Figure 1, the chair 12 has a seat base 18 and back rest 20. The seat base 18 has opposed side edges 22a and 22b and a centre line indicated by dotted line 24. Conventionally, when installations of this type are fitted with a chair swivel mechanism, the chair 12 pivots about the centre line 24. It will be appreciated, however, that upon swivelling of the chair 12 about a pivot axis on the centre line 24, one of the seat side edges 22a or 22b is displaced rearwardly and, if sufficient clearance is not provided, will collide with the wall 26 (Figure 2) defining that part of the staircase adjacent to which the stairlift is installed.

In the past two solutions have been used to address this problem. Firstly, the stairlift has been mounted a greater distance from the wall 26 to allow the full swivel action of the chair 20 to be accommodated. Alternatively, or in addition, the width of the chair 20 has been reduced to reduce the rear overhang of the chair when in the swiveled position.

In accordance with the present invention, the swivel mechanism 10 is provided with two pivot centres as will be described in greater detail below, each of the pivot centres being arranged between the chair centre line 24 and the outer edges 22a and 22b respectively. The swivel mechanism is constructed and arranged so that the chair swivels about that axis closest to the swivel direction and thus, that edge of the chair which, during swivelling, moves rearwardly is displaced rearwardly to a markedly lesser extent than would be the case if the chair swivelled about centre line 24.

In the form shown herein, the swivel mechanism 10 includes a substantially planar base part 30 which attaches to the carriage 14, and a substantially planar swivel section 32 which attaches to the chair 20. As can be seen in Figures 4 to 7, the swivel mechanism 10 includes two pivot centres 34a and 34b, each of which intersects with the chair at points equidistant from the centre line 24 of the chair.

In the particular embodiment described herein the swivelling action is effected through the inter-relationship of guides and control members. This allows an extremely compact swivel mechanism as it is important that the additional height imposed by the inclusion of the swivel mechanism 10, is kept to a minimum.

That part 32 of the swivel mechanism which is attached to, and moves with, the chair 20 includes a swivel block 36. As can best be seen from Figures 6 and 7, the swivel block 36 has formed therein a pair of arcuate guides preferably in the form of slots 38a and 38b. These guide slots cross over at the central axis 24 and it will be noted that part of guide 38a overlies pivot 34b at all times, whilst part of guide 38b overlies pivot 34a at all times.

Located within the guide slots 38a and 38b are a pair of control members 40a and 40b. Control member 40a is fixed to rotate about pivot centre 34a whilst control member 40b is fixed to rotate about pivot centre 34b. As can be seen, control member 40b is located in guide slot 38a and controls the movement of the swivel block 36 about pivot centre 34a. In a similar manner, control member 40a is located within guide slot 38b and controls the movement of swivel block 36 about pivot centre 34b.

Turning to Figures 4 and 5, that section of the swivel mechanism 10 which is attached to the carriage 14 of the stairlift assembly includes an upper base plate 42 and a lower base plate 44 which are held in spaced relationship by spacers 46.

Sandwiched for rotation between the plates 42 and 44 are a pair of displacement members in the form of quadrant plates 48a, 48b. The quadrant plates are mounted to rotate about pins or shafts located on the pivot centres 34a, 34b and each has an arcuate edge 50 formed with suitable gear teeth. The rotational of each quadrant plate is splined to the respective control member 40a, 40b mounted there above. Thus, as quadrant plate 48a is rotated, so is control member 40a mounted there-above.

The geared edges 50 of the quadrant plates engage with worm drives 52 mounted on the output shafts of motor gearbox units 54. Thus, operation of the motor 54a causes rotation of quadrant plate 48a and, in turn, pivoting of control member 40a about pivot centre 34a. It will be appreciated, however, that other forms of drive could be used between the motors 54 and their respective control members.

When the chair 12 is in the central or operating position, the swivel mechanism is in the configuration shown in Figures 5 and 6. In this situation the control members are inwardly aligned which firmly locates and retains the swivel block locked in the position shown. Because of the resistance to movement imposed by the motors and gearing between the motors and their respective control members, the configuration is inherently stable.

Turning now to Figure 7 the swivel mechanism is shown swivelled into the full counter-clockwise position. This is achieved by actuating motor gearbox 54b causing control member 40b to rotate from the central position in a counter-clockwise direction about pivot centre 34b. The action of the control member 40b against the side edges of arcuate slot 38a, causes the swivel block 36 to move in the counter-clockwise direction guided by the sliding relationship between arcuate slot 38b over control member 40a, which remains locked in position. The limit of movement of the swivel block 36 is reached when the free end of the control member 40a engages with the outer end of slot 38b.

To bring the swivel mechanism back to the central position, the motor 54b is reversed, and the block 36 moves in the clockwise direction until control member 40a engages the inner end of guide slot 38b.

Obviously, to rotate the chair from the central position in a clockwise direction, the control member 40a is rotated by motor 54a whilst the member 40b is maintained in the locked central position.

Suitable electrical interlocks are provided to ensure that, when one of the motors 54a or 54b is operating, the other is isolated. Furthermore, since each motor only serves to displace and return the swivel mechanism between the central position and one of either the clockwise or counter-clockwise positions, there is no risk of the swivel mechanism being powered through the central position and into a dangerous, wrongly aligned position, particularly at the upper end of the staircase.

Whilst the preferred embodiment described herein includes two pivot centres, some installations may only require swivel movement in one direction at the top of the staircase. In this event, essentially the same swivel mechanism would be provided however, only the most advantageous 'active' pivot would be selected, the remaining control member would be fixed in position, against rotation, and the motor 54 associated therewith, eliminated.

It will thus be appreciated that the present invention, at least in the case of the working embodiment described herein, provides a two way seat swivel mechanism for a stairlift which does not result in the stairlift assembly being further projected into the staircase and which does not compromise user comfort and safety.

Claims

1. A swivel mechanism for incorporation between the carriage of stairlift assembly, and a chair having a pair of spaced sides and a central axis midway between said spaced sides,
said swivel mechanism being characterised in that it includes at least one pivot centre about which said chair may swivel with respect to said carriage, said pivot centre intersecting with said chair at a point between said central axis and one of said sides.
2. A swivel mechanism as claimed in claim 1 including two pivot centres located so as to intersect with said chair on opposite sides of said central axis, said swivel mechanism being constructed and arranged so that only one pivot centre is engaged at one time to define the swivel axis between said carriage and said chair.
3. A swivel mechanism as claimed in claim 2 further characterised in that the means for defining one of said pivot centres serves to limit the degree of rotation about the other of said pivot centres, when the other of said pivot centres is engaged to define said swivel axis.
4. A swivel mechanism as claimed in claim 2 or claim 3 including an arcuate guide positioned to overlie each of said pivot centres.
5. A swivel mechanism as claimed in claim 4 further including a control member mounted for rotation on each said pivot centre, and being engageable with a said guide, said guide being slidable with respect to its control member.
6. A swivel mechanism as claimed in claim 5 wherein a swivel movement is generated by applying a rotational action to the control member mounted on a first said of pivot centres, against the edge of the guide in contact therewith, whilst allowing sliding movement of the other of said guides over the control member mounted on the second of said pivot centres.

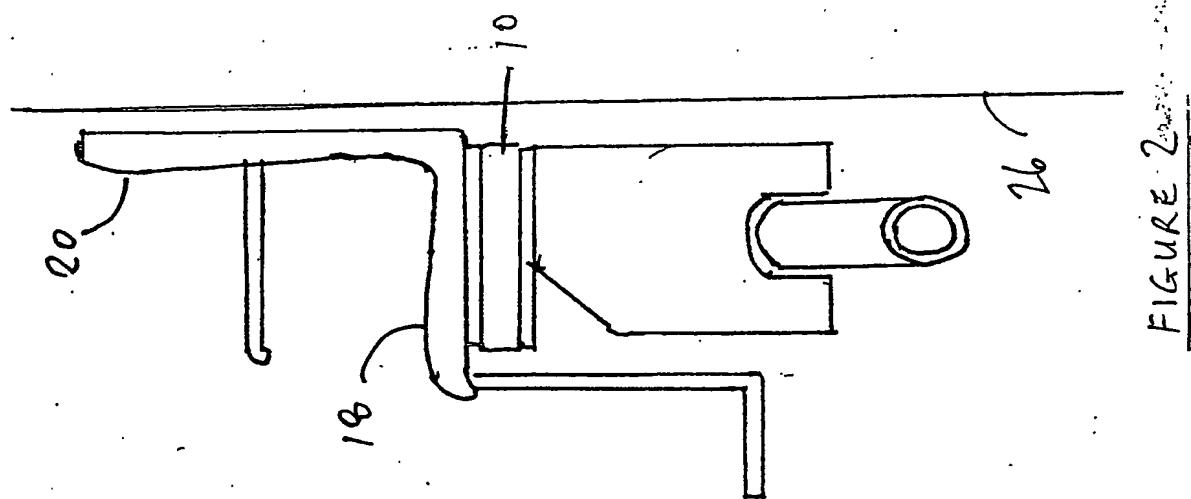
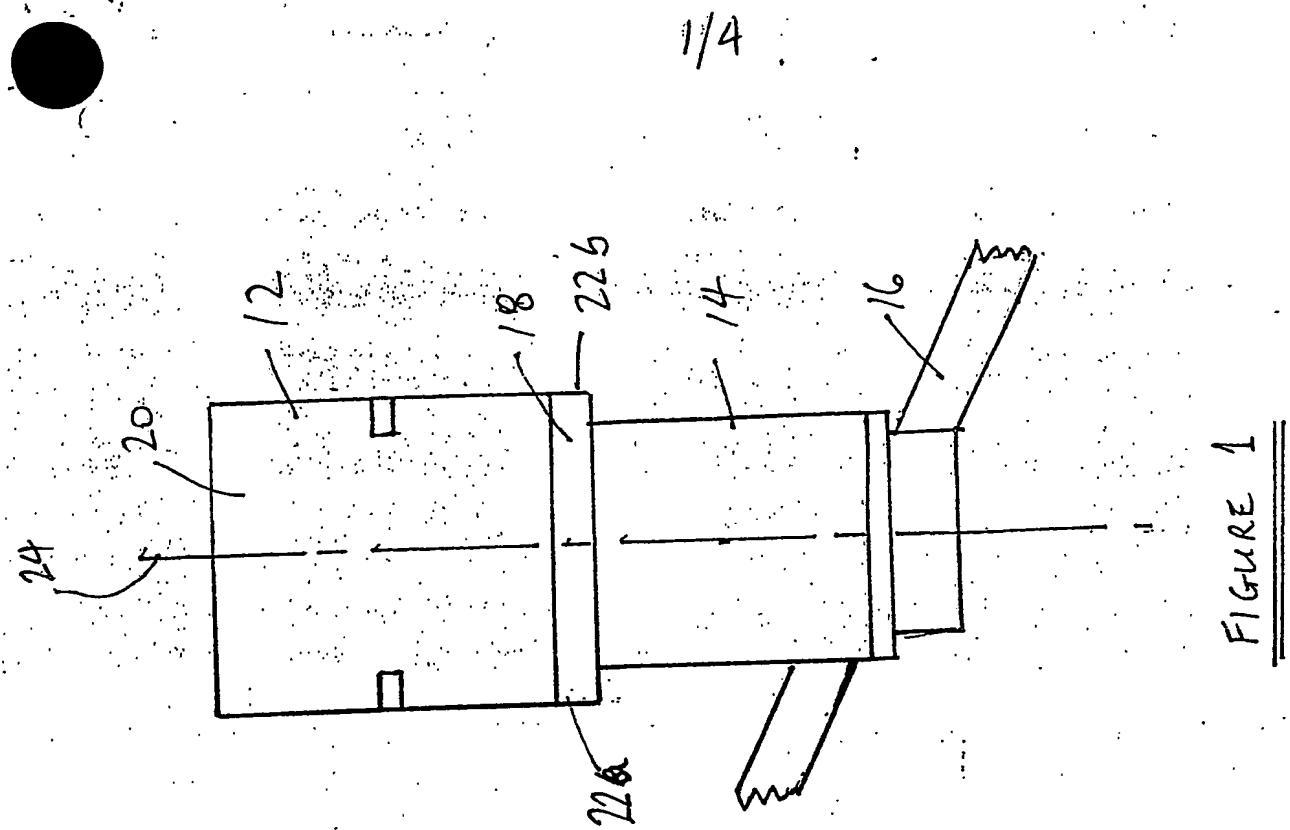
7. A swivel mechanism as claimed in claim 5 or claim 6 further including a motor for each said control member, each said motor being operable to rotate its control member.
8. A swivel mechanism as claimed in claim 7 further including interlock means to cut power to one of the said motors whilst the other of the said motors is in operation.
9. A stairlift assembly including the swivel mechanism as claimed in any of claims 1 to 8.
10. A swivel mechanism including:
 - a substantially planar first part;
 - a substantially planar second part arranged substantially parallel to said first part, said first and second parts being capable of rotation with respect to one another about two spaced swivel axes arranged perpendicular to their planes, said swivel mechanism being characterised in that the means which defines one of said swivel axes, when not so engaged to act as the swivel axis, serves to control the relative rotation of said first and second parts about the other of said swivel axes.
11. A swivel mechanism as claimed in claim 10 wherein the rotation about each of said swivel axes is defined by the combination of arcuate guides provided in one of said first or second parts, and control members mounted on the other of said first or second parts, said control members engaging with, and being displaceable with respect to, said arcuate guides.
12. A swivel mechanism as claimed in claim 11 wherein a control member is mounted on, and is pivotable about, each of said swivel axes.

13. A swivel mechanism providing swivel actions about two spaced, parallel, axes, said mechanism being characterised in that the swivel action about each axis is effected and controlled by the interaction of control members located in, and displaceable with respect to, arcuate guides.
14. A swivel mechanism as claimed in claim 13 wherein said control members are also rotatable.
15. A swivel mechanism as claimed in claim 13 or claim 14 wherein said arcuate guides comprise slots in which said control members are received.
16. A stairlift installation including a carriage and a chair, wherein a swivel mechanism as claimed in any one of claims 10 to 15 is disposed between said carriage and said chair.
17. A swivel mechanism for a stairlift installation having a carriage and a chair mounted on said carriage, such that said chair can be swivelled from a central position in which a user seated in said chair faces in a direction substantially perpendicular to the direction of travel of said carriage, to first and second positions in clockwise and a counter-clockwise directions, respectively, from said central position, said swivel mechanism being characterised in that first drive means are provided to effect a swivel action between said central position and said first position; and second drive means are provided to effect a swivel action between said central position and said second position.
18. A swivel mechanism as claimed in claim 17 including two spaced swivel axes such that said chair swivels between said central position and said first position about one of said axes, and between said central position and said second position about the other of said axes.
19. A carriage/chair combination for a stairlift including the swivel mechanism as claimed in claim 17 or claim 18.

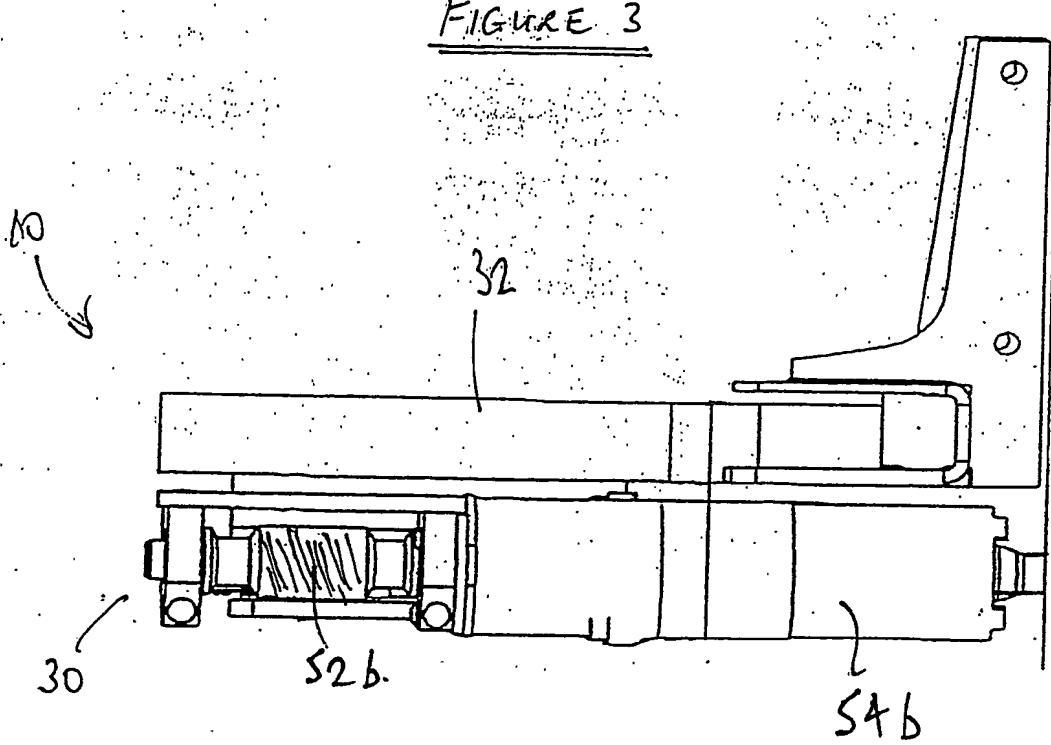
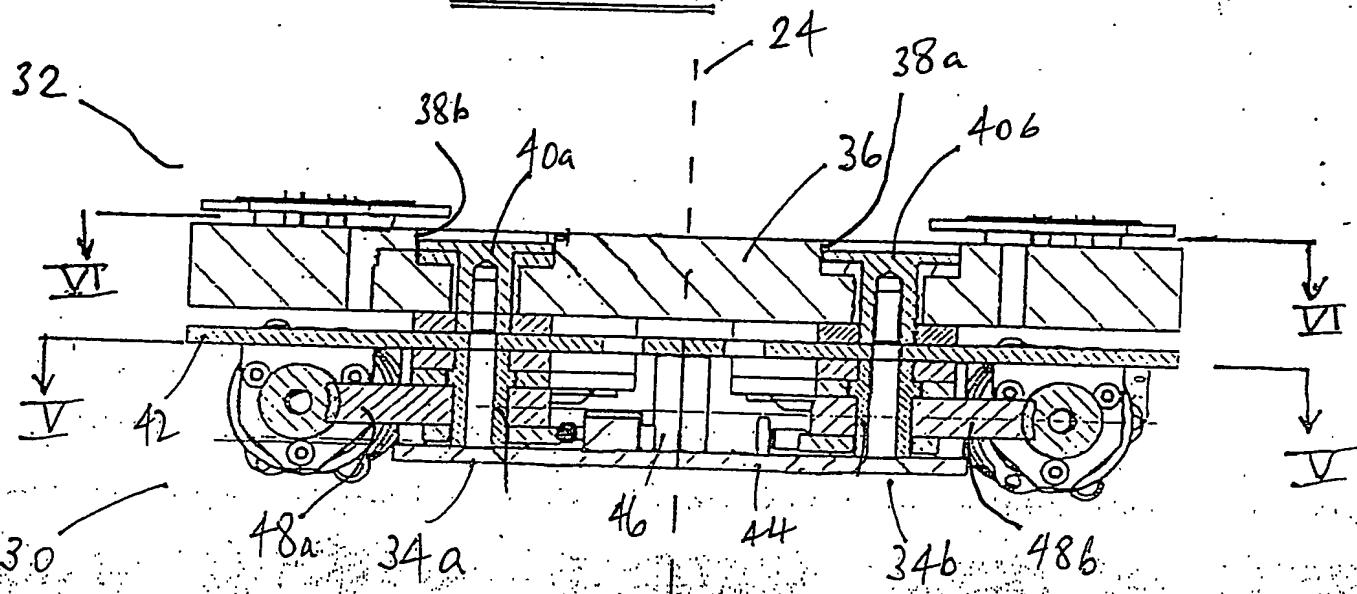
ABSTRACT**SWIVEL MECHANISM FOR A STAIRLIFT CHAIR**

The invention provides a swivel mechanism 10 for inclusion between the carriage 14 and chair 12 of a stairlift. The mechanism preferably includes two pivot axes, each offset from the centre line of the chair so as to reduce the rearward intrusion when the chair is swivelled. The swivel action is preferably effected by the interaction of control members 40a, 40b sliding in inter-related arcuate guides 38a, 38b.

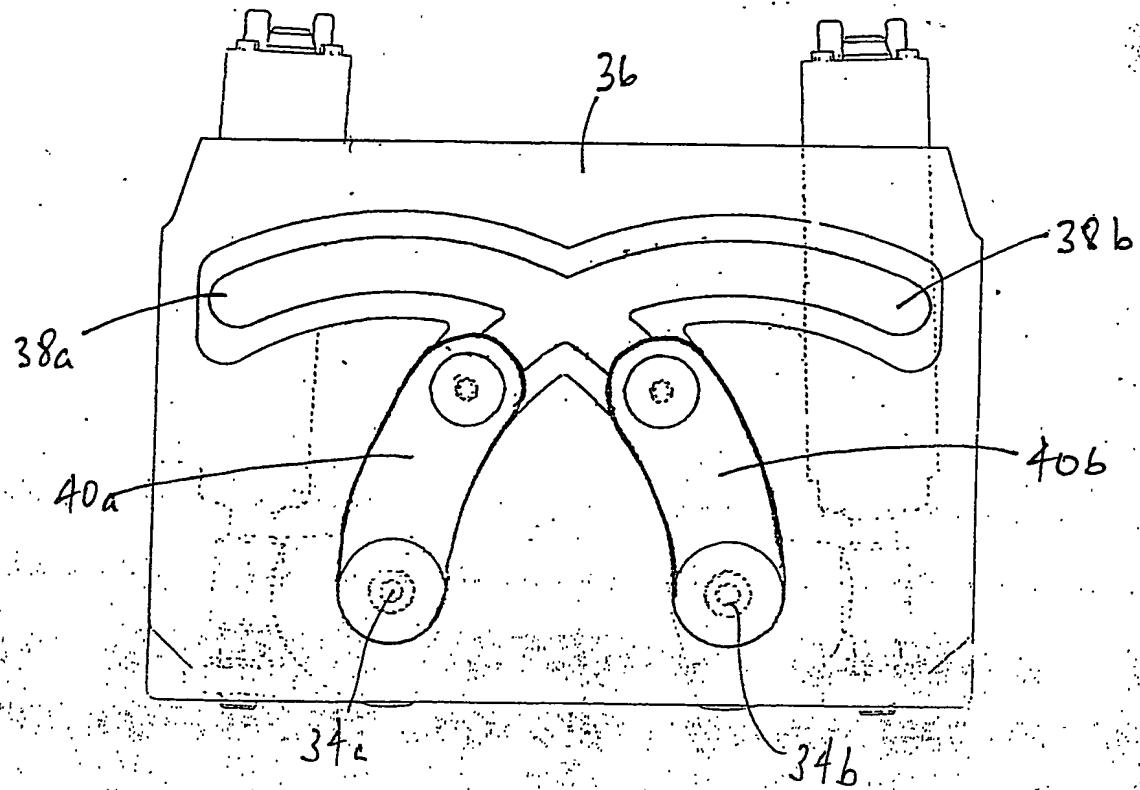
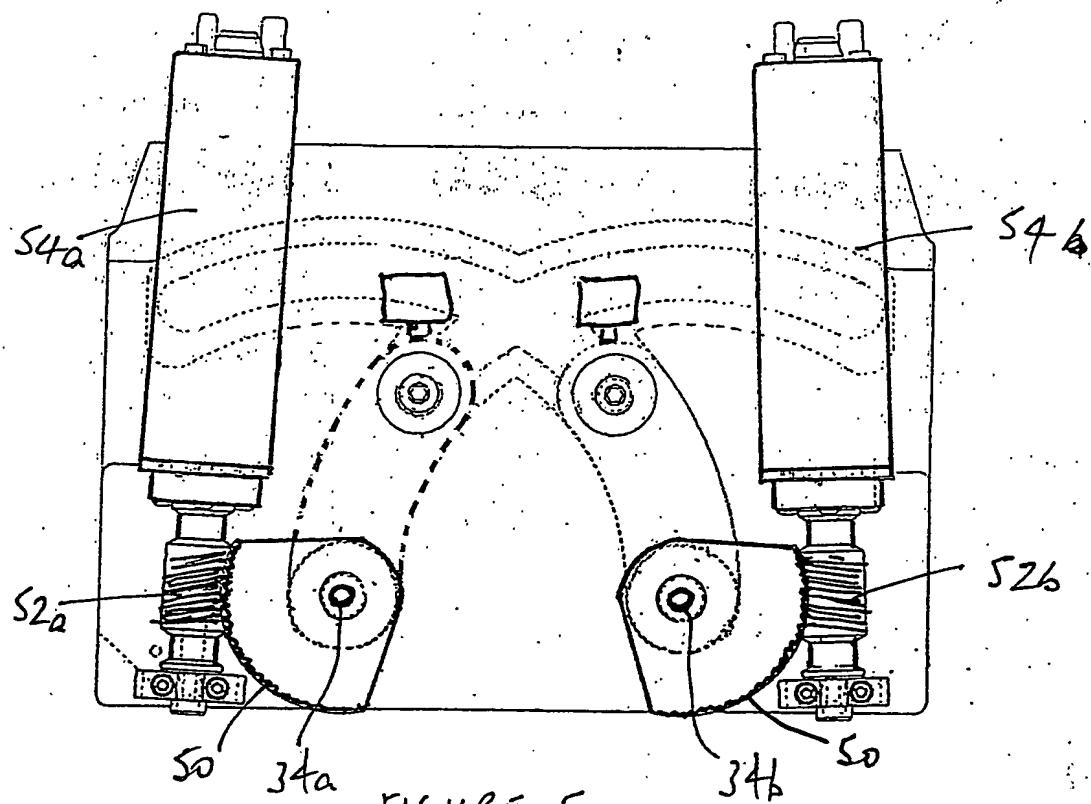
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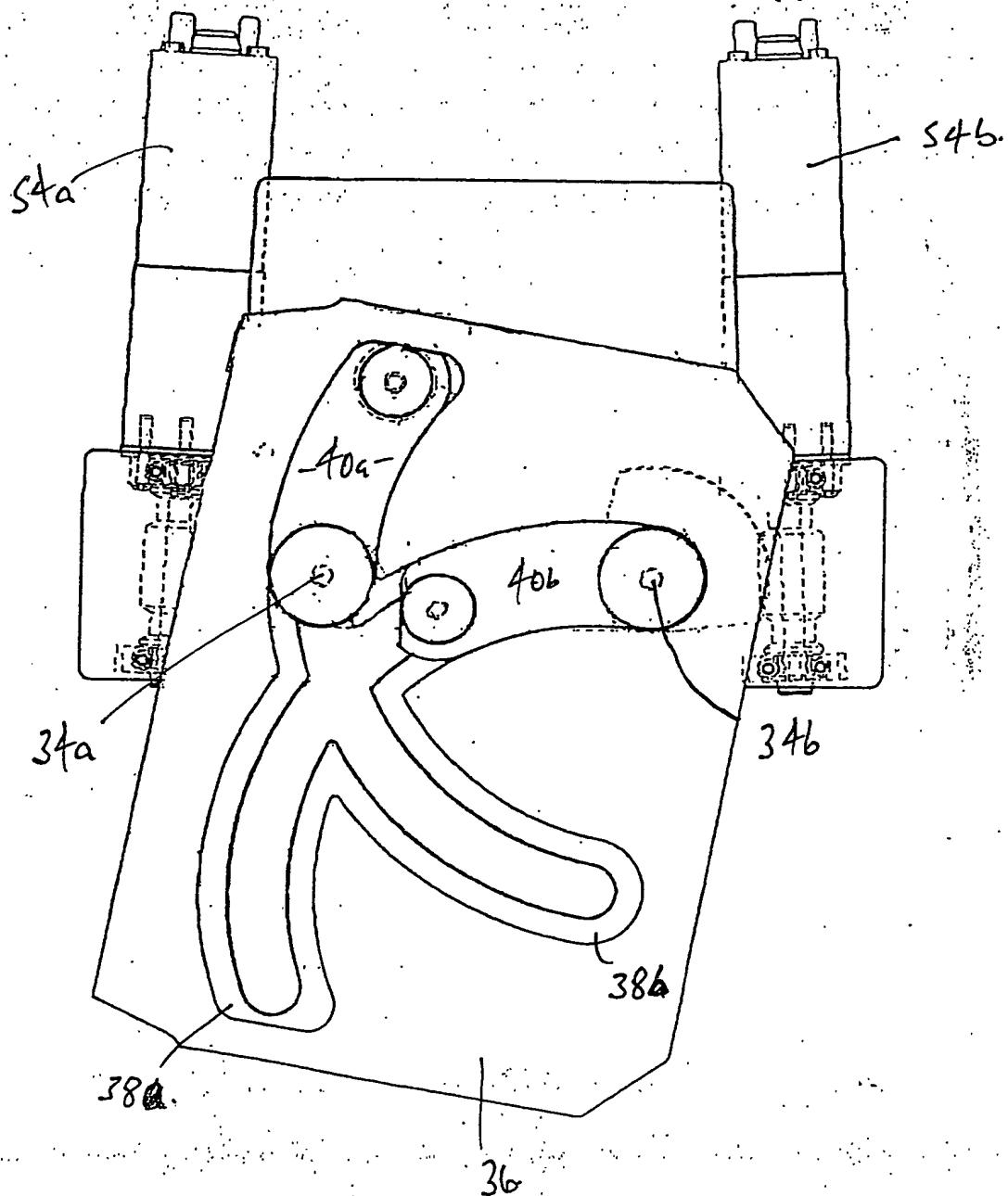
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FIGURE 3FIGURE 4

3/4



714

FIGURE 7

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